

THE HERALD.

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SPENCER COOPER, : : Editor.

HAZEL GREEN, KY.:
WEDNESDAY.....MAY 6, 1885.

[Entered at the Hazel Green postoffice as second-class mail matter.]

THE HERALD is read by over a thousand people every week, and its circulation is increasing with each issue it is, therefore, THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM in Eastern Kentucky, and the rates are only about half those charged by others, which as local family newspapers, do not in any degree compare with THE HERALD.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce D. S. GODSEY as a candidate for representative from the district composed of the counties of Montgomery, Menifee, Powell and Wolfe, subject to action of the democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Dr. F. M. THOMAS an independent republican candidate to represent the legislative district composed of Montgomery, Menifee, Powell and Wolfe counties.

THE KENTUCKY UNION.

[Lexington Press.]

The joint committee of the chamber of commerce, county court, and city council met Col. T. J. Megibben, president of the Kentucky Union railroad; Bennett H. Young, vice-president; Major J. M. Thomas, secretary; Col. R. P. Stoll, treasurer, and Col. Wm. Tarr in the ordinary of the Phoenix hotel yesterday to discuss the proposition submitted to the joint committee at a former meeting. The following were present: Judges L. Royalty, H. C. Payne and J. R. Jewell, of the county court; G. W. Ranck, Col. Matt. Wallon, Dr. W. A. Gunn, Dr. J. R. Morton and Alex. Pearson, of the chamber of commerce; Messrs. W. H. May, W. S. McChesney, of the city council. Judge V. H. Abbott and J. L. Bosley, editor of the Sun, were present, having been delegated by Clark county to attend the meeting. Judge H. C. Payne was made chairman and Col. Matt. Walton secretary.

Col. Young stated that the first thing to be done was for the county court to order an election by which the will of the people could be ascertained on the proposition submitted by the Kentucky Union.

Judge Payne doubted the right of the county court to order such election, but thought the proper action of the county court would be to recommend to the legislature a repeal of the act forbidding the citizens of Fayette county from voting a railroad appropriation.

Col. Walton thought the matter should be submitted to the people at the earliest possible moment.

Mr. McChesney suggested that the will of the people might be ascertained at the August election without extra expense.

The proposition submitted by the Kentucky Union—the same as was published in the Daily Press last week—was read.

Judge Payne said that as Fayette county bonds would always be at premium, the \$400,000 asked by the Kentucky Union amounted to more than that amount.

Mr. McChesney assented to this, but thought that no cold water should be thrown on the proposition.

Judge Payne asked whether the meeting had the power to adopt any proposition.

Col. Walton stated that the duty of the joint committee was simply to receive propositions from the Kentucky Union management, and report to the county court.

Col. Walton offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the joint committee of the chamber of commerce, city council and Fayette county court, that a fair and reasonable proposition looking to the building of the Kentucky Union railroad to Lexington should be submitted to the voters of Fayette county, and the Fayette county court be asked at the proper time to take appropriate action in the matter.

Judge Payne asked and Col. Young answered the following questions:

Q—How much of the road has been completed?

A—Sixteen miles.

Q—How much has it cost?

A—\$30,000 per mile.

Q—What is the character of the work done?

A—It has the best grades of any road in the state.

Q—Have bridges on the largest streams been completed?

A—There are only two bridges, and both have been built.

Q—What are the resources of the company?

A—650,000 acres of land and the road as far as built.

Q—Are the titles to the company's lands valid?

A—They are.

Q—Is there a debt on the road?

A—\$400,000 of bonds, which are held by the company.

Dr. Gunn said that while he did not think the people of the county would vote an appropriation amounting to \$400,000, he thought that the matter should go to the people as early as possible.

Col. Walton spoke in favor of his resolution, and thought that this was all that the joint committee could do at the meeting.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

The committee then adjourned.

STATE NEWS.

Hon. Thomas Turner, of Mt. Sterling, lost a large land suit in Missouri. The judgment against him is about \$18,000.

Beatyville Enterprise: Logan Thomas, after being almost at death's door with pneumonia fever, is now in a fair way to recover.

Mercury: Hon. Green Keller, of Carlisle, is a candidate for clerk of the house in the next general assembly of Kentucky. Mr. Keller has the experience, energy and ability to make a superior clerk.

Richmond Register: Mr. Jhe T. Jones was ploughing in one of his fields five years ago, and turned up a coin that was a century old. One day last week he was ploughing over the same spot and unearthed another coin just a hundred years old. The latter coin evidently dodged him the first time, just to make out the century.

Sentinel-Democrat: James Hinds, who moved to this city from Menifee county, last October, died of consumption Wednesday night of last week. He was a very poor man, and being unable to work he lived mostly since he came here on the charity of the people. He was about 45 years old, and a devoted member of the Christian church. He died in full assurance of life beyond, and prayed for the end to come. He leaves a wife and four children.

Licking Valley Scorchers: One M. S. Eastep, professing to be a "watchmaker and jeweler from Paintsville, Ky.," made his appearance in this place about three weeks ago, procured us to insert an advertisement that he would remain eighteen days at the Morgan house, and repair watches, sewing machines, &c., and had us do some job for which he agreed to pay. After spending five or six days, he skipped the town, leaving his bills unpaid. We have investigated his antecedents and find him to be a worthless tramp and dead beat. Beware of him.

Richmond Register: About two months ago J. R. Nicholson, of Kingston, this county, left home, ostensibly to come to Richmond, but disappeared, and his whereabouts have since been unknown to his wife. He is under indictment and bond in the Bullitt circuit court charged with forgery, and it is presumed that he ran away to dodge the law, and is now a refugee. His wife informs us that the principal witness against him, Leslie Jenkins, of Paint Lick, is now dead, and therefore he need not further remain from home. Their two children are sick with fever, and are liable to die at any hour. The dependent wife thus asks us to inform the erring husband that he ought to come home, and can do so with impunity. She, of course, says that he is innocent of the charge of forgery.

A Letter from Texas.

HUTCHINS, TEXAS, April 22.

Editor of THE HAZEL GREEN HERALD:

Some of my friends in other countries ask me to give them, through your paper, my opinion about Texas as a farming country. This is a good place for a man who wishes to diversify his crops. Cotton, wheat, corn, potatoes, oats, garden vegetables and small fruits all do well, and pay the producer a handsome profit. I have noticed that all who are industrious and economical make a good living, and some make something to put away for a rainy day, except when we have too much rain, as we have had this season, and the crops get so weedy that you can't see them for the weeds. Then one's mind runs this way: "There is but little in life to live for; the world is a hollow mockery, full of troubles and trials. We go forth in the morning full of hope, and come home at night full of bad whisky. Woe unto man, of how little consequence is his joy; in infancy he is full of colic and catnip, and in youth he goeth about with a thorn in his heel; in the evening of life he lieth down full of rheumatism, aches and anti-bilious pills. Lo, in an hour when he dreameth not of it, a breachy mule kicketh him athwart the center and he dieth."

Success to THE HERALD and all its readers.

GREEN T. LITTLE.

Everything Lovely.

"Talbutt," a correspondent of the Courier-Journal, writing of Jackson and her people, says in his letter to that paper: I met there Capt. Bill Strong, Jerry Little, John Aikman and other notable characters, all on friendly terms with one another now.

Great credit should be given to Mr. Wm. Cooper, of Lexington, and Prof. Dickey, of Millersburg, Ky. They have been preaching in Breathitt county for six months, and now there is a church being built right in Jackson. It will be the first church-house ever in Breathitt county. Jerry Little has joined the Presbyterian church, under Mr. Cooper, and one of Capt. Strong's sons has joined the Methodist, under Prof. Dickey, and a great many other men have joined the church who have killed from one to six men.

There is no doubt that Breathitt will be one of the wealthiest counties in the state on account of the coal, iron and timber. The people up here are looking forward with a great deal of interest to the completion of the Kentucky Union railroad. Powell, Wolfe and Breathitt counties, instead of one railroad, should have one-half dozen railroads from the immense quantity of timber and hidden iron and coal.

FLOYD WILLIAMS

WILL BE HUNG BY THE NECK UNTIL DEAD.

On Friday, July 3d, for the Murder of W. Peyton Stricklin, on the 21st Day of June, 1884.

The trial of Floyd Williams, for the murder of Peyton Stricklin, on the 21st of last June, occupied most of the term of the Wolfe circuit court last week, the case being called on Wednesday and concluded on Saturday morning with a verdict of guilty. The evidence of guilt, though only circumstantial, was very strong.

Williams, who was in the employ of Stricklin, the evening before attended a shooting match at the blacksmith-shop of George Miller, and while there had some words with Stricklin in regard to a settlement. Mr. Miller acted as adjuster of the claim and the trouble was apparently settled, the understanding being that Williams owed Stricklin one and a half days work. After the shooting match had ended Stricklin went off, and Williams lingered about the shop some time. While there he took a rifle gun, the property of Robt. Lindon, who had left it with Miller to be repaired, and with which Williams had been shooting during the afternoon, and removed it to a corner of the shop. The act excited no suspicion at the time, but the next morning, when the report went out that Stricklin had been shot from the bushes while plowing in his corn-field, the people in the neighborhood turned out to find the murderer. Geo. Miller, upon going to his shop, missed the gun, and remembering that he had seen Williams remove it the evening before, at once suspected him of the theft of it.

Judge George Carson had been attracted to the house of the murdered man by the report of his death, and taking Emory James and Geo. Miller, they went to where Stricklin had felled, looking for a clue to the murder. They found the brush broken at a fence near by, where the murderer had concealed himself in wait for his victim, and looking about, discovered tracks. They followed these tracks, faint at first, until they were finally rewarded by finding a perfect impression of both shoes, upon which were patches. They pursued the trail, which led to the house of Williams' mother, and thence to Stricklin's. There they found several persons gathered together, among them Floyd Williams. Judge Carson stepped into the kitchen, where Williams was talking with the deceased man's wife, and remarked, "That was a bad affair Floyd; you and Pate had a quarrel yesterday evening." "Yes," Williams replied, "but it didn't amount to anything." Judge Carson replied, "I think it amounted to a good deal; Pate's killed." "Yes, and I expect they will accuse me of it, but all I want is a fair trial," replied Williams. Judge Carson had, in the meantime, looked at Williams' shoes, and discovered that they were patched to correspond with the tracks he had traced and measured. He therefore placed him (Williams) under arrest and started for Hazel Green.

Geo. Miller, in whose custody the gun had been, demanded it of Williams, and was told that he knew nothing of it. Bob Lindon, the owner of the gun, and the first one to arrive at the house after the murder, hearing that the gun was missing and what had happened at the shop the evening before, threatened to kill Williams, who, becoming alarmed, told some one to "Tell Bob Lindon if he will just keep quiet he shall have his gun before twenty-four hours."

Coming to Hazel Green the posse with Williams in charge met his mother, and he and his mother had some conversation. During this conversation, which none of them heard, Floyd was seen to motion with his hand. Two men, Robt. Rose and H. C. Nickell, seeing him, concluded to watch his mother, and did so. She went in the direction indicated by her son, and appeared to be hunting diligently for something. She started away, hesitated, and again returned to hunt, but finally abandoned the search. Her watchers, however, took up the hunt close to the place where she abandoned it, and were rewarded by finding the gun, shot-pouch and powder-flask concealed by the side of a log, under some leaves. As soon as it was known that the gun had been found, Williams' mother went to them and demanded it, but of course did not get it. Williams subsequently asked one of the guards in charge, "If I should confess and prove threats from Stricklin, what difference would it make?"

The foregoing was about the evidence elicited on his trial, and the jury in accordance with the testimony found him guilty and fixed his punishment at death.

The prosecution was ably represented by Hon. J. Wick Kendall, Col. L. M. Day, Ed. C. Orear, Esq., and J. B. White, commonwealth's attorney, pro tem. The defence had Judge Lykins, Judge Riddell and Jos. C. Lykins, Esq., as representatives, who did all they could to save the prisoner's life by lessening the penalty, but the lawyers for the prosecution did their best to hang him.

It was the first prosecution Mr. Orear was ever engaged in, and old lawyers were heard to say that "it was a masterly effort."

Judge Cooper sentenced the prisoner to be hanged on Friday, the 3rd day of July next. He was moved to tears in doing so, and convinced all that, though compelled to do so, it was a duty he reluctantly performed.

It is reported that Stricklin's wife has been indicted for complicity, and the opinion obtains that she is really the guilty of the two, although the evidence before the jury in no way implicated her.

Williams will be the first man ever hung in Wolfe county.

Confederate Paroles.

The Sentinel-Democrat of last week published an account of the paroling of some 1,200 confederate soldiers at that place, twenty years ago last Thursday, in which all named are officers. D. S. Godsey, the democratic nominee for representative from this legislative district, has handed us his parole, which we herewith copy, and venture the assertion that he was the youngest of the number mustered out at that time. He was born in August, 1848, and mustered out of the service May 1st, 1865, thus being less than 17 years of age, by three months. He was also the only private mustered out. He was sworn in August, 1862, and therefore was only 13 years of age at that time.

MT. STERLING, KY., May 1st, 1865.
I, private Drury S. Godsey, Co. "T" 18th Ky. Cav., solemnly swear that I will not take up arms against the United States, or give information to the enemies thereof, until I am regularly exchanged as a prisoner of war, and that I will conduct myself as an honorable citizen.

[Signed,] D. S. GODSEY,
Co. "T" 18th Ky. Vol.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of May, 1865.

M. T. HALL,
Capt. 26th Ky. A. A. I. G.
May 1st, 1865.

Private D. S. Godsey is paroled until regularly exchanged. By order of

BRIG. GEN. E. H. HOBSON.

J. S. BUTLER, Asst. Adj. Gen.

Now, has he kept his parole in good faith? Or rather will he not violate in the position he is about to assume? These questions are seriously asked by many of his constituents hereabout. The parole reads "and that I will conduct myself as an honorable citizen." This is a serious thing, and his friends would like to have an answer to these questions ere he jeopardizes his good name by accepting a place in the Kentucky legislature. He was erstwhile a miller—an honest son of toll—and his warmest friends now fear that he will fall from grace.

Trimble-White.

[Sentinel-Democrat.]

"In this city yesterday, April 29, 1885, 1 o'clock P. M., at the Methodist church, Mr. Robert M. Trimble and Miss Isa B. White were married by Rev. E. L. Southgate, in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends. The church was handsomely decorated. The wedding march was played by Mrs. John Samuels and Prof. E. S. Fogg. There were no attendants. The ushers were Dr. J. A. Vansant, John G. Winn, A. G. Peters and B. W. Trimble.

The groom is a well known young business man of the firm of Trimble Bros., and the bride is one of our city's fairest daughters. They have been sweethearts for several years and this event has been expected for some time by their acquaintances. May their fondest anticipations be realized.

"The happy couple left on the afternoon express for Cincinnati where they will remain a day or two and then will take a trip east visiting various cities, and will be absent three or four weeks."

THE HERALD extends the best wishes of the people of Hazel Green for their happiness during a long and peaceful life, and hopes that no jars may ever enter into their family circle unless they be "jars of sweetmeats." Robert has a host of friends here, where he was born, who wish him well in every walk of life. He will make a model husband, and from what we learn, has as a helpmate, a model wife. May peace, joy, riches and a long life for their enjoyment, be theirs.

A Much-Needed Mail Route.

The postmaster-general should establish a mail route from Ezel to Yocum, both in Morgan county. The distance is twenty miles or more, and if the present administration is disposed to aid us in mail facilities they will lose a good chance to do so, unless they establish a postoffice at Bethel, five miles from Ezel, at Hampton's Mills, five miles from Bethel, and one between the latter place and Yocum, in the Panther Branch neighborhood.

The people on that line should get up a petition and forward it to Hon. W. P. Taulbee, at Salperville, who, in turn, should at once see that the route is established. The district named is quite a populous one and the people should have what they demand. Some of the most prominent and wealthy farmers in that county reside on the line indicated, and it is a shame that these men should be without mail facilities. Let us have the route, and have it at once.

DR. R. B. GARDNER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
HAZEL GREEN, KY.,
Offers his services to the people of Wolfe and adjoining counties.

Swango Springs.

The Water of Life for Afflicted Humanity.

IRON IS KING.

These springs are located three-quarters of a mile from the beautiful town of Hazel Green. The water contains a larger percentage of iron than any other water known, hence it is the most valuable in the cure of disease—used internally or externally.

Among the many diseases which flesh is heir to, and for which this wonderful water is known to be a positive and permanent cure, are the following:

CONSTIPATION, DYSPEPSIA, SKIN DISEASES, SCROFULA, CATARRH, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, NERVOUSNESS, &c.

We append a few of the hundreds of testimonials which have been tendered as to the efficacy of this water in disease.

One lady writes: "I am so thankful to the Great Giver of all Blessings that I tried Swango Springs. Freely do I give all the time and money spent there for the health and strength I now enjoy."

A gentleman of Illinois says: I think the water of Swango Springs did me more good than all the nostrums I have ever tried. I will certainly be with you again next spring.

REFERENCES—R. T. Smith, J. G. Trimble, P. L. Reese, Mt. Sterling, Ky.; F. M. Hinkle, Mrs. F. M. Hinkle, Wm. Clarke, Plum Lick, Ky.

A large hotel is now being built, which will afford ample accommodation to visitors.

For further information in regard to board, &c., address HARRISON SWANGO, or this office, Hazel Green, Ky.

W. T. CASKEY. H. F. PIERATT.

CASKEY AND PIERATT,
Wholesale and Retail

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EVERY THING YOU NEED.

Give us a call, and be convinced that you can buy more goods from us to the dollar than at any other house in the mountains. We also desire to buy a number of Fat Cattle and Sheep, for which we will pay the highest market price.

JOHN KEEF,

DEALER IN

FINE HORSES,

MOUNT STERLING, KY.

COACHEES AND ROADSTERS A SPECIALTY.

Any one wishing to visit Cincinnati or Louisville, can leave their horses with me and rest assured that they will receive every attention—be watered, fed, groomed and bedded. Soliciting your custom, I remain, Yours truly, JOHN KEEF.

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Sievers-Carson Hardware Company.

637 W. MAIN STREET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

THE COURIER-JOURNAL

FOR 1885.

An Organ of Live Issues, Living Ideas and Moral Forces, and an Enemy of Monopolies, Oligarchism and the Spirit of Subsidy, as Embodied in

THAT THIEVING TARIFF.

The Courier-Journal is the acknowledged REPRESENTATIVE NEWSPAPER of the SOUTH, is DEMOCRATIC in Politics, and first, last and all the time is for a reduction of the war taxes, as levied on the people by the tariff now in force.

The Weekly Courier-Journal

is without a superior in the world as a great family and political newspaper, and during the year 1885 it will strive more resolutely and hopefully than ever for its political aims, not neglecting, however, the infinite variety of choice miscellany that causes it to be so great a favorite in the family circle.

The return to power of the Democratic party will make 1885 a year marked in the history of the United States, and no family should be without the Courier-Journal who desire to keep thoroughly posted on passing events.

The Weekly Courier-Journal has the Largest Democratic Circulation of any Newspaper in America. If you are unacquainted with it ask any subscriber to it as to its merits as a great family and political newspaper.

In point of quality and quantity of interesting reading matter it leads the newspaper press of the United States. Its money, industry and enterprise can keep it so it will continue at the head of American journals. It contains, each week, the most complete summary of the news of the world, and its editorial columns (HENRY WATKINSON, editor-in-chief) are always able, strong and bright.

Among the SPECIAL FEATURES are: Telegraphic Specials from all the leading points in the United States and Europe. Serial and Short Stories by popular and noted writers. Talmage's Sermons the day after delivery in Brooklyn Tabernacle. Market Reports. Fashion Letters. Turf and Stock Reports. Answers to Correspondents' Department. Poetry and Department for Children. No Home in the Country should be without it.

The Courier-Journal

distinctly represents the non-office holding and non-office seeking classes. It is a critic, not an organ; friendly to those who serve the country well, hostile to those who fail to serve it, or serve it ill; equally without untangling alliances or selfish expectations other than the confidence and support of the people, to whom alone it owes allegiance. It will have no commercial or literary time-servers, but will keep right on in the path of duty which it has marked out for itself, regardless of consequences. It will fight monopoly whether it rears its horrid head inside or outside the Democratic party. It will fight intemperance and liberalism wherever they appear, and has no quarter to give to, or ask from, malfeasance and malefactors, Democratic or Republican. With this explanation of its scope, plan and purpose, we submit the following

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: